This SDS is prepared in accord with the SWA document "Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals - Code of Practice" (July 2020).

SAFETY DATA SHEET



1. Identification

Product name	: Harpic White & Shine Toilet Cleaner Trigger - Atlantic Burst Scent
SDS no.	: D8340161
Formulation #	: FF8330562
Supplier	: AUSTRALIA RB (Hygiene Home) Australia Pty Ltd 680 George St , Sydney, NSW 2000 Tel: +61 (0)2 9857 2000
	NEW ZEALAND RB (Hygiene Home) New Zealand Limited 2 Fred Thomas Drive, Takapuna Auckland , New Zealand 0622 Tel: +64 9 484 1400
Poison Information contact:	: Australia - 13 11 26 New Zealand - 0800 764 766 or 0800 POISON
<u>Uses</u>	
Product use	: Toilet CleanerConsumer use
2. Hazard identifi	cation
Classification of the substance or mixture	: CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: WARNING
Hazard statements	 May be corrosive to metals. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
General	: Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	: Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
sodium hypochlorite	≤2.4	7681-52-9

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

The total concentration of ingredients in this product, reported or not in this section, is 100%.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	:	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	:	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed						
Potential acute health effects						
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.					
Inhalation	No known significant effects or critical hazards.					
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.					
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.					
Over-exposure signs/sympton	<u>ms</u>					
Eye contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness					
Inhalation	No specific data.					
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness					
Ingestion :	No specific data.					

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

4. First-aid measures

Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

5. Fire-fighting measures		
Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	 This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. 	
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.	
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. 	
Hazchem code	: 2X	

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures			
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.	
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".	
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.	
Methods and material for cor	nta	inment and cleaning up	
Small spill		Stop leak if without risk Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mon	

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

6. Accidental release measures

Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from acids. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store between the following temperatures: 20 to 25°C (68 to 77°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Exceeding 40°C must be avoided for transport and storage. The product should be transported in refrigerated containers

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Australia

Occupational exposure limits

No exposure standard allocated.

New Zealand

Occupational exposure limits

No exposure standard allocated.

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	• •
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Appearance			
Physical state	1	Liquid. [Clear.]	
Colour	1	Yellow. [Light]	
Odour	1	bleach	
Odour threshold	1	Not available.	
рН	1	12.2 to 12.8	
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not available.	
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	:	Not available.	
Flash point	:	Not available.	
Evaporation rate	1	Not available.	
Flammability	1	Not available.	
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	:	Not available.	
Vapour pressure	:	Not available.	
Relative vapour density	1	: Not available.	
Relative density	4	: Not available.	
Density	1	1.03 to 1.06 g/cm ³	
Solubility(ies)	1		
Media		Result	
cold water hot water		Soluble Soluble	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.	

9. Physical and chemical properties

Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Not available.
Particle characteristics		
Median particle size	:	Not applicable.

10. Stability and reactivity

-	-
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: acids metals
Hazardous decomposition products	 Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
*Similar product (434-128A, 81-058)	Eyes - Irritant Skin - Irritant	In vitro In vitro	-	-	-
sodium hypochlorite	Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-	1.31 mg 10 mg	-

Conclusion/Summary

Skin

Eyes

Respiratory

Skin Irritant but not corrosive. * Bridging principle "Substantially similar mixtures" Causes serious eye irritation. * Bridging principle "Substantially similar mixtures" Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Sensitisation

Not available

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Conclusion/Summary Carcinogenicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Not available.		
Germ Cell Mutagenicity		
Respiratory	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Skin	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Conclusion/Summary		

11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary Reproductive toxicity Not available.	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Conclusion/Summary Teratogenicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. **Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)**

Name	• •	Route of exposure	Target organs
sodium hypochlorite	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely routes : Not available. of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.	
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effect	ts as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	<u>cts</u>

11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary		Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
General	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
sodium hypochlorite	Acute EC50 0.67 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Phaeodactylum tricornutum - Exponential growth phase	96 hours
	Acute LC50 56400 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
	Acute LC50 32 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 32 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.5 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Isochrysis galbana - Exponential growth phase	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Cyprinus carpio - Young	30 days

Conclusion/Summary

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary	Based on available data, the classif		
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
sodium hypochlorite	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

<u>Mobility in soil</u>

Soil/water partition
coefficient (Koc): Not available.Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14. Transport information

		ADG	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN3266		UN3266	UN3266	UN3266
UN proper shipping name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (sodium hydroxide, sodium hypochlorite, solution)		CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (SODIUM HYDROXIDE, SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (sodium hydroxide, sodium hypochlorite)	Corrosive liquid, basic, inorganic, n.o.s. (sodium hydroxide, sodium hypochlorite)
Transport hazard class(es)	8		8	8	8
Packing group	111		Ш	Ш	
Environmental hazards	No.		No.	No.	No.
Additional information ADG : Special provisions 223, 274 Hazchem code : 2X ADR/RID : Hazard identification number 80 Limited quantity 5 L Special provisions 274 Tunnel code (E) IMDG IMDG : Emergency schedules F-A, S-B Special provisions 223, 274 IATA : Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 5 L. Packaging instructions: 852. Cargo Aircraft Only: 60 L. Packaging instructions: 856. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 1 L. Packaging instructions: Y841. Special provisions A3, A803 Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.					
Transport in bulk according : Not availab to IMO instruments		ble.			

15. Regulatory information

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

Schedule 5 CAUTION	
Scheduled Substance(s)	Sodium hydroxide, Sodium hypochlorite, Alkaline salts
Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)	All components are listed or exempted.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	All components are listed or exempted.
HSNO Group Standard	Cleaning Products (Corrosive)
HSNO Approval Number	HSR002526
Approved Handler Requirement	Not applicable.
Tracking Requirement	Not applicable.

16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	 ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons UN = United Nations SWA = Safe Work Australia HSNO = Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 : 14/03/2024
revision	
Version	: 3 (Version for updated GHS Revision 7 PSDS Template)

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1	On basis of test data
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	On basis of test data
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	On basis of test data
LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3	Calculation method

References

: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Please read all labels carefully before using product.